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JANICE K. BREWER
SECRETARY OF STATE

State of Arizona House of Representatives Forty-eighth Legislature First Regular Session 2007

## **HOUSE CONCURRENT MEMORIAL 2007**

A CONCURRENT MEMORIAL

URGING THE CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES TO ENACT LEGISLATION GIVING TRIBAL GOVERNMENTS JURISDICTION OVER TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES ON TRIBAL LANDS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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To the Congress of the United States of America:

Your memorialist respectfully represents:

Whereas, it is crucial for Native Americans to establish equitable, affordable and universal access to telecommunications services, allowing placement of infrastructure and information technology equipment to deliver broadband services and other evolving and emerging technologies on tribal lands to American Indian communities by the year 2010; and

Whereas, it is vital to ensure that the universal service concepts of the 1996 Telecommunications Act allow for telecommunications infrastructure and information technology to be developed and used in a manner that meets the social, civic, economic, educational and cultural needs of American Indian tribes and communities; and

Whereas, it is essential to protect, strengthen and assert tribal government sovereignty and regulatory jurisdiction in the areas of telecommunications and information technology; and

Whereas, it is vital to create a framework and guidelines for tribal governments and communities, intertribal organizations and American Indian recommendations and make organizations to prepare, plan technology policy. legislation, information telecommunications and appropriations, program development and self-determination.

Wherefore your memorialist, the House of Representatives of the State of Arizona, the Senate concurring, prays:

- 1. That the United States Congress recognize the rights of tribal governments and communities to exercise and assert regulatory jurisdiction over telecommunications activities in the boundaries of reservations and communities.
- 2. That the United States Congress encourage states, counties and municipalities to provide partnership opportunities that promote telecommunication services and that are mutually beneficial for the economic, social and general welfare for all state citizens.
- 3. That the United States Congress provide a sufficient set-aside of Homeland Security monies to ensure equitable and sufficient distribution of monies among tribal governments and American Indian communities for the development of telecommunications build-out necessary to mitigate emergencies and crisis brought about by acts of terrorism, drug trafficking, human smuggling and other deplorable acts that threaten national and local security.
- 4. That the United States Congress promote and support tribal government and community efforts to establish telecommunications regulatory authorities and codes.
- 5. That the United States Congress support and advance public safety implementation among tribes and communities through the provision of grants for the development of telecommunications and information technology capacities among law enforcement agencies, emergency medical service

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providers, fire departments, courts and justice departments and other emergency responder agencies.

- 6. That the United States Congress support and advance tribal government and ownership of spectrum above tribal lands and communities by granting, rather than auctioning, partitioned spectrum licenses to tribal entities.
- 7. That the United States Congress encourage and support tribal government and community efforts to establish and operate telephone companies and other telecommunication businesses, such as internet service providers, especially in unserved and underserved areas.
- 8. That the United States Congress support and advance the efforts of tribal governments and American Indian communities to bridge their respective digital divides through the provision of grants, loans and contracts, tax incentives and infrastructure build-out services.
- 9. That the United States Congress use its powers as delegated by the Indian Commerce Clause to acknowledge and protect the public interest of Indian country from competing public interests and regulatory jurisdictions and perform the following:
- .(a) Amend section 214(e) of the Telecommunications  $\mbox{Act}$  to include the following definition of unserved areas:

An unserved area is defined as service penetration 15% below of the nationwide penetration rate for any communications service; or 5% below national rural penetration rate for any communications service, whichever rate is higher.

- (b) Amend section 214(e) 6 of the Telecommunications Act to include tribes and acknowledge tribal regulatory authority.
- (c) Provide mechanisms, with enforcement powers, for ensuring equitable, affordable and sustainable access to communications services, including broadband, broadcast and emerging technologies, in Indian country.
- (d) Support tribal access and options for ownership and management of spectrum on tribal lands for both wireless and broadcast applications.
- (e) Provide mechanisms to promote cooperation among tribes, state public utility commissions and the federal communications commission and remedies for resolving unforeseen conflicts.
- (f) Provide public financing to tribal communities that fall under the definition of an unserved area to close any service gap.
- (g) Permit the bureau of Indian affairs to allow for telecommunication entities to colocate on existing linear rights of way, such as power and water routes, so that rapid expansion of telecom services, including categorical exclusion of clearance requirements, can proceed.
- 10. That the Secretary of State of the State of Arizona transmit copies of this Memorial to the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives and each Member of Congress from the State of Arizona.

PASSED BY THE HOUSE MARCH 6, 2007.

PASSED BY THE SENATE APRIL 26,2 2007.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 30, 2007.